NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:19:51 ON 24 OCT 2006

=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:20:10 ON 24 OCT 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 23 OCT 2006 HIGHEST RN 911100-17-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 OCT 2006 HIGHEST RN 911100-17-9

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

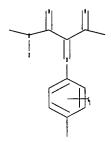
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

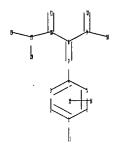
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\microsphere.str





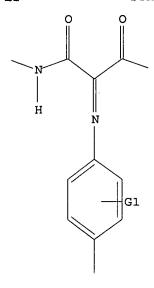
```
chain nodes :
7  8  9  10  11  12  15  16  17  18  19  20  21
ring nodes :
1  2  3  4  5  6
chain bonds :
1-21  4-7  7-8  8-9  8-10  9-12  9-18  10-11  10-17  15-16  17-19  17-20
ring bonds :
1-2  1-6  2-3  3-4  4-5  5-6
exact/norm bonds :
4-7  7-8  9-12  10-11  10-17  15-16  17-19
exact bonds :
1-21  8-9  8-10  9-18  17-20
normalized bonds :
1-2  1-6  2-3  3-4  4-5  5-6
```

G1:OH, MeO, EtO, n-PrO, i-PrO, n-BuO, i-BuO, s-BuO, t-BuO, NH2, Cb, Cy, Hy, Ak

```
Match level :
```

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

=> D L1 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1 STR



G1 OH, MeO, EtO, n-PrO, i-PrO, n-BuO, i-BuO, s-BuO, t-BuO, NH2, Cb, Cy, Hy, Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s L1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:20:43 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 326 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 326 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
166.94
167.15

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:20:49 ON 24 OCT 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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=> s L2

0 L2 L3

---Logging off of STN---

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION 0.46 167.61

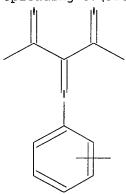
FULL ESTIMATED COST

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 08:21:02 ON 24 OCT 2006

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\microsphere32.str



chain nodes :

7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6

chain bonds :

4-7 7-8 8-9 8-10 9-12 9-14 10-11 10-13 15-16

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

exact/norm bonds :

4-7 7-8 9-14 10-13

exact bonds :

8-9 8-10 9-12 10-11 15-16

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS

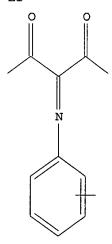
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d L1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s L1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:50:38 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 2106 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 2106 ITERATIONS

7 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 7 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 166.94 167.15

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:50:45 ON 24 OCT 2006
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Oct 2006 VOL 145 ISS 18 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Oct 2006 (20061023/ED)

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=> s L2 all

MISSING OPERATOR L2 ALL

The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> s L2

L3 5 L2

=> d L3 1-5 all

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:750901 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20061024>>
- DN 139:278100
- ED Entered STN: 25 Sep 2003
- TI Black pigment microparticle dispersions for ink-jet inks and their use in ink-jet printing
- IN Takahashi, Mari; Ofuku, Koji; Miura, Norio
- PA Konica Co., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 78 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent

```
IC
    ICM C09B067-20
    ICS B41J002-01; B41M005-00; C09B067-46; C09D011-00
    42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 41
FAN.CNT 1
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                              DATE
                      ----
                                                                -----
                                         ------
    _____
                              -----
                              20030925 JP 2002-76068 20020319
    JP 2003268255
                       A2
PΙ
                              20020319
PRAI JP 2002-76068
CLASS
PATENT NO.
              CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
               _____
_____
                      C09B067-20
JP 2003268255
               ICM
                ICS
                      B41J002-01; B41M005-00; C09B067-46; C09D011-00
                      C09B0067-20 [ICM, 7]; B41J0002-01 [ICS, 7]; B41M0005-00
                IPCI
                       [ICS,7]; C09B0067-46 [ICS,7]; C09B0067-00 [ICS,7,C*];
                       C09D0011-00 [ICS,7]
                      B41J0002-01 [I,C*]; B41J0002-01 [I,A]; B41M0005-00
                IPCR
                       [I,C*]; B41M0005-00 [I,A]; C09B0067-00 [I,C*];
                       C09B0067-20 [I,A]; C09B0067-46 [I,A]; C09D0011-00
                       [I,C*]; C09D0011-00 [I,A]
OS
    MARPAT 139:278100
AΒ
    The dispersions giving prints with high black color d. and resistance to
    light, contain compds. Q=N-X (Q = color coupler residue; X = 5- or
    6-membered aromatic rings or alicyclic rings) as colorants, polymer binders
    and hydrophobic organic solvents having b.p. of ≥150° and are
    dispersed in an aqueous medium where the colorants and polymers form
    core/shell microparticles for improving lightfastness and storage
    stability.
    jet printing ink lightfastness storage stability pigment black colorant
ST
IT
    Polyvinyl acetals
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
       (acetoacetals, S-Lec KS 10; selection of black pigments for
       microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage
       stability and lightfastness)
ΙT
    Polyamides, uses
    Polycarbonates, uses
    Polyureas
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
       (binder; selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions
       useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness)
IT
    Polyvinyl butyrals
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use): USES (Uses)
       (binders from S-Lec BL 10, BL-S, BX 1, KS 3, BX 10, BX-L, BL 1, Denka
       Butyral 2000L, 6000EP; selection of black pigments for microparticle
       dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and
       lightfastness)
IT
    Solvents
       (high-boiling; selection of black pigments for microparticle
       dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and
       lightfastness)
IT
       (jet-printing; selection of black pigments for microparticle
       dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and
       lightfastness)
IT
    Polyurethanes, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
       (polyoxyalkylene-, binder; selection of black pigments for
       microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage
       stability and lightfastness)
    Pigments, nonbiological
ΙT
       (selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions useful for
```

LΑ

Japanese

ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness) IT 9011-14-7, PMMA RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder; selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness) 24936-68-3, Iupilon S 3000, uses 25119-83-9, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate IT 53078-89-0, Hexamethylenediamine-32131-17-2, Nylon 66, uses 59041-14-4, Methacrylic acid-methyl MDI-TDI copolymer methacrylate-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl methacrylate copolymer 341536-55-8, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorodecyl acrylate copolymer 558484-70-1, 1,4-Butanediol-ethylene glycol-HMDI-polyethylene glycol-TDI copolymer RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (binder; selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness) 84-61-7, Dicyclohexyl 78-51-3, Tri(2-butoxyethyl) phosphate IT 115-86-6, Triphenyl 103-23-1 phthalate 84-74-2, Dibutyl phthalate 1241-94-7, 115-96-8, Tri(2-chloroethyl) phosphate 122-62-3 1330-78-5, Tritolyl phosphate Diphenyl (2-ethylhexyl) phosphate 2528-39-4, Trihexyl phosphate 5444-75-7, 2-Ethylhexyl benzoate 129877-64-1 111671-75-1 37832-65-8 56975-20-3 28510-23-8 604783-41-7 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (high-boiling solvents; selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness) 1320-06-5, C.I. Solvent Red 27 85-83-6, C.I. Solvent Red 24 1229-55-6 IT 4314-14-1, C.I. Solvent Yellow 16 6406-53-7, 3785-90-8 4197-25-5 12225-32-0, C.I. Solvent Red 32 8003-22-3, C.I. Solvent Yellow 33 19649-65-1 12237-24-0, C.I. Solvent Blue 70 Reactive Black 17 69458-41-9, C.I. Solvent Black 43 38924-04**-**8 55290-62-5 32881-02-0 74566-13-5, C.I. Solvent Black 22 71775-87-6, C.I.Solvent Blue 1 161407-47-2 162208-01-7 87606-56-2 128171-69-7 148345-88-4 189100-94-5 179157-18-7, C.I.Solvent Blue 40 192075-25-5 169225-47-2 201026-53-1 205192-67-2 192075-28-8 193684-91-2 193684-95-6 501420-03-7 246232-93-9 255044-93-0 415726-33-9 501420-02-6 604782-69-6 545387-54**-**0 545387-52-8 545387-53-9 501420-25-3 604782-73-2 604782-74-3 604782-70-9 604782-71-0 604782-72-1 604782-75-4 604782-76-5 604782-77-6 604782-78-7 604782-79-8 604782-84-5 604782-80-1 604782-81-2 604782-82-3 604782-83-4 604782-90-3 604782-85-6 604782-87-8 604782-88-9 604782-89-0 604782-97-0 604782-96-9 604782-91-4 604782-92-5 604782-93-6 604783-01-9 604783-02-0 604782-98-1 604782-99-2 604783-00-8 604783-07-5 604783-03-1 604783-04-2 604783-05-3 604783-06-4 604783-08-6 604783-09-7 604783-10-0 604783-11-1 604783-12-2 604783-19-9 604783-13-3 604783-14-4 604783-16-6 604783-17-7 604783-24-6 604783-22-4 604783-23-5 604783-20-2 604783-21-3 604783-26-8 604783-27-9 604783-28-0 604783-29-1 604783-34-8 604783-32-6 604783-33-7 604783-30-4 604783-31-5 604783-37-1 604783-38-2 604783-39-3 604783-35-9 604783-36-0 605644-48-2 605644-49-3 605644-50-6 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pigments; selection of black pigments for microparticle dispersions useful for ink-jet inks with good storage stability and lightfastness) ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L3 AΝ DN 130:296456 Entered STN: 24 Mar 1999 ED Crystal structure of C19H22N2O3 and synthesis of two potential Schiff-base TI Jian, Li; Wen-Xing, Zhang; Chang-Qin, Ma; De-Hua, Jiang; Tian-Lin, Yang ΑU

College of Chemistry, Shandong University, Jinan, 250100, Peop. Rep. China

CS

```
SO Jiegou Huaxue (1999), 18(2), 89-93
CODEN: JHUADF; ISSN: 0254-5861
```

PB Jiegou Huaxue Bianji Weiyuanhui

DT Journal

LA English

CC 25-4 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)

GΙ

- AB Two new Schiff bases [I; R = NH2, N:C(COMe)2] were synthesized and characterized by elemental analyses, IR, UV and 1H NMR spectra. The crystal and mol. structures of I (R = NH2) were determined by x-ray diffraction.
- ST biphenyldiamine diacetylmethylene prepn x ray

IT 6161-50-8, 3,3'-Dimethoxybiphenyl

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (condensation with acetylacetone)

IT 123-54-6, Acetylacetone, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (condensation with dianisidine)

IT 223418-51-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

IT 223418-50-6P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation, x-ray anal., and reaction with acetylacetone)

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Casellato, U; Coord Chem Rev 1979, V25, P199
- (2) Casellato, U; Coord Chem Rev 1997, V23, P31
- (3) Ci, Y; Coordination Compounds in Analytical Chemistry (China) 1986, P230
- (4) Nakamoto, K; Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and Coordination Compounds. 3ed 1986, P256
- (5) Nelson, S; Pure Appl Chem 1980, V52, P2461 CAPLUS
- (6) Nishida, Y; Chem Lett 1983, V144, P1815
- (7) Sorrel, T; Tetrahedron 1989, V45, P3
- (8) Tang, L; Chem Res and Appl 1995, V7, P8 CAPLUS
- (9) Zacharias, P; Polyhedron 1985, V4, P1013 CAPLUS
- L3 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1992:49016 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20061024>>
- DN 116:49016
- ED Entered STN: 08 Feb 1992
- TI Dyes for sublimation-transfer printing and dye sheet
- IN Karasawa, Akio; Koshida, Hitoshi; Aida, Isamu; Takuma, Hirosuke
- PA Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- IC ICM B41M005-38 ICS C09B055-00
- CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

19891226 JP 03197090 A2 19910828 JP 1989-334837 PΤ PRAI JP 1989-334837 19891226 CLASS PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES _____ _ _ _ _ B41M005-38 JP 03197090 ICM ICS C09B055-00 B41M0005-38 [ICM,5]; C09B0055-00 [ICS,5] IPCI

$$R^{1}R^{2}N$$
 $N=C$
 COX
 $Et_{2}N$
 $N=C$
 $COMe$
 $COEt$ II

The title dyes I [R1-2 = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl; R1-2 may be mutually bonded; R3-4 = H, halo, OH, cyano, alkyl, alkoxy; X = (cyclo)alkyl, aryl; Y = (cyclo)alkyl, aryl, OZ; Z = (cyclo)alkyl, alkenyl, aryl; X and Y may be mutually bonded]. I are yellow dyes and are suitable for sublimation-transfer printing of full-color images. Thus, a dispersion containing 3 parts of a dye II synthesized from N,N-diethylphenylenediamine and Et acetoacetate by oxidation and 4.5 parts butyral resin was applied on PET film to form a 1 g/m2 layer. This film was used for sublimation-transfer printing with a receptor sheet coated with polyester, EVA and silicones and gave image with d. 2.7, which was highly colorfast and resistant to abrasion.

ST sublimation transfer printing yellow dye

IT Dyes

(sublimable, yellow, for sublimation-transfer printing)

IT Printing, nonimpact

(sublimation-transfer, yellow sublimable dyes for)

IT 93-05-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(oxidative condensation of, with Et acetoacetate)

IT 141-97-9, Ethyl acetoacetate

RL: USES (Uses)

(oxidative condensation of, with diethylphenylenediamine)

IT 69947-30-4 107266-41-1 124009-34-3 138311-22-5

138311-23-6 138311-24-7 138311-25-8 138311-26-9 138311-27-0 138311-28-1 138311-29-2 138311-30-5 138311-31-6 138311-32-7

138311-33-8 138323-56-5 138323-57-6

RL: USES (Uses)

(sublimable dye, yellow, for sublimation-transfer printing)

- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1990:6938 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20061024>>
- DN 112:6938
- ED Entered STN: 06 Jan 1990
- TI Different substituent effects on the absorption maxima of azomethines and hydrazones
- AU Mustroph, Heinz; Henning, Lothar; Wilde, Horst
- CS Dir Forsch. Entwickl., VEB Filmfabr. Wolfen, Wolfen, DDR-4440, Ger. Dem.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1989), 29(2), 66-7 CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402
- DT Journal
- LA German

```
CC
     22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
    CASREACT 112:6938
os
     Peaks positions (\lambdamax) of 4-Et2NC6H4(NH)nN:CRR1 (I; n = 0)
AB
     increased in the following order of R, R1: COMe, COMe; COMe, COPh; COPh,
     COPh; CN, COPh; CN, CN. The same order of \( \text{\text{max}} \) was found for I (n
     = 1) except that the peak for I (n = 1, R = R1 = CN) appeared at the
     lowest wavelength. The results were discussed in terms of intramol. H
    bonding.
     spectra aozmethine hydrazone substituent effect; hydrogen bond intramol
ST
    hydrazone spectra
    Ultraviolet and visible spectra
TT
        (of azomethines and hydrazones)
    Substituent effect
TT
        (on electronic spectra of azomethines and hydrazones)
    Hydrogen bond
IT
        (intramol., in hydrazones, electronic spectra in relation to)
IT
     1333-74-0
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (hydrogen bond, intramol., in hydrazones, electronic spectra in
        relation to)
                  4754-98-7P
                               27845-13-2P
                                            85415-01-6P
                                                            97497-45-5P
IT
     4722-47-8P
                    107266-41-1P 124009-34-3P
                                                124009-35-4P
    100796-50-7P
    124009-36-5P
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and electronic spectrum of)
                                                           120-46-7,
                               109-77-3, Malononitrile
     93-91-4, Benzoyl acetone
TT
                        123-54-6, Acetylacetone, reactions
                                                              614-16-4,
    Dibenzoylmethane
     2-Cyanoacetophenone
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with (diethylamino)benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate and
        diethylnitrosoaniline)
    120-22-9, N, N-Diethyl-p-nitrosoaniline
                                              347-46-6, 4-
IT
     (Diethylamino) benzenediazonium tetrafluoroborate
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with active methylene compds.)
    ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L3
    1975:461604 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20061024>>
ΝA
DN
    83:61604
ED
    Entered STN: 12 May 1984
    Determination of triplet-energy levels in azomethine dyes by
TΙ
    energy-transfer measurements
    Herkstroeter, W. G.
ΑU
    Res. Lab., Eastman Kodak Co., Rochester, NY, USA
CS
    Journal of the American Chemical Society (1975), 97(11), 3090-6
SO
    CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
DT
    Journal
    English
LA
     40-4 (Dyes, Fluorescent Whitening Agents, and Photosensitizers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 22
    Flash kinetic spectrophotometry was used to measure rate consts. for
AB
     energy transfer from a graded series of triplet sensitizers to azomethine
     dyes; triplet-energy levels in the dyes were assigned near that point
    where the efficiency of energy transfer began to decrease. Yellow
     azomethines prepared by oxidative coupling of phenylenediamines with
     tert-BuCOCH2CONHPh, PhCOCH2CONHPh, (PhCO)2CH2, (MeCO)2CH2, and
     (tert-BuCO) 2CH2 had triplet energies of 40-50 kcal/mole. Cyan and magenta
    dyes, prepared by oxidative coupling of phenylenediamines with phenols or
     2-pyrazolin-5-ones, quenched the lowest-enery triplet sensitizers at the
    maximum rate and were assigned triplet energies of ≤21 and ≤23
     kcal/mole, resp. The low triplet energy of the cyan and magenta dyes
     indicates that electronic energy transfer contributes to the mechanism by
    which these dyes quench singlet oxygen [7782-44-7].
```

azomethine dye triplet energy

ST

```
IT
    Dyes
        (azomethine, triplet-energy levels in, determination of)
    Energy level transition
IT
        (electronic, in azomethine dyes)
    Fluorescence quenching
TT
        (of singlet oxygen by azomethine dys, mechanism of)
IT
    Energy level
        (triplet, of azomethine dyes, determination of)
ΙT
    Energy transfer
        (triplet-triplet, from hydrocarbon sensitizers to azomethine dyes)
IT
     7782-44-7, properties
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (quenching of singlet, by azomethine dyes, mechanism of)
                55901-14-9 55901-15-0
IT
    55901-13-8
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (triplet energy and lifetime of)
IT
    55901-04-7
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (triplet energy level in, determination of)
                                                    4704-35-2 4719-41-9
    1456-89-9 2363-97-5 4595-01-1 4704-33-0
IT
                                                  4754-96-5 4754-98-7
                4754-76-1 4754-82-9 4754-92-1
    4719-49-7
              13617-66-8 13617-67-9 34980-06-8 50818-01-4
                                                                    50818-02-5
    4755-00-4
    50818-06-9 55779-72-1 55779-74-3 55779-78-7 55901-05-8
                                           55901-09-2
                                                      55901-10-5
    55901-06-9
               55901-07-0 55901-08-1
    55901-11-6 55901-12-7
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (triplet-energy level in, determination of)
=>
---Logging off of STN---
Executing the logoff script...
=> LOG Y
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                                TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                     ENTRY
                                                              SESSION
                                                     15.81
                                                              182.96
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                                TOTAL
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
                                                     ENTRY
                                                              SESSION
                                                      -3.75
                                                                 -3.75
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 08:51:24 ON 24 OCT 2006
Connecting via Winsock to STN
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
LOGINID: ssptalxn1621
PASSWORD:
TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2
```

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America

NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock

NEWS 3 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive

NEWS 4 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced

NEWS 5 AUG 30 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes

NEWS 6 SEP 11 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records

NEWS 7 SEP 21 CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right truncation

NEWS 8 SEP 25 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) display of CA Lexicon enhanced

NEWS 9 SEP 25 CAS REGISTRY(SM) no longer includes Concord 3D coordinates

NEWS 10 SEP 25 CAS REGISTRY(SM) updated with amino acid codes for pyrrolysine

NEWS 11 SEP 28 CEABA-VTB classification code fields reloaded with new classification scheme

NEWS 12 OCT 19 LOGOFF HOLD duration extended to 120 minutes

NEWS 13 OCT 19 E-mail format enhanced

NEWS 14 OCT 23 Option to turn off MARPAT highlighting enhancements available

NEWS 15 OCT 23 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in multiple databases

NEWS 16 OCT 23 The Derwent World Patents Index suite of databases on STN has been enhanced and reloaded

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability

NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items

NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:53:06 ON 24 OCT 2006

=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:53:18 ON 24 OCT 2006
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 23 OCT 2006 HIGHEST RN 911100-17-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 OCT 2006 HIGHEST RN 911100-17-9

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\microsphere33.str

chain nodes :

7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6

chain bonds :

1-19 4-7 7-8 8-9 8-10 9-12 9-14 10-11 10-13 11-17 11-18 15-16

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

exact/norm bonds :

4-7 7-8 9-14 10-11 10-13 11-18

exact bonds :

1-19 8-9 8-10 9-12 11-17 15-16

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> D L1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

O ANSWERS

=> s L1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:53:40 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 375 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 375 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 0 SEA SSS FUL L1